

To Our Friends And Customers:----

We take a great deal of pleasure in presenting our statement of condition as of October 31, 1942, and invite your careful consideration of the strong cash position and increase in deposits as compared with a year ago. The sound strength of this Bank is plainly revealed in these figures. We want to again express our deep appreciation of your friendship and solicit a continuation of your support.

THE AIMS AND PURPOSES OF THIS BANK IN THE FUTURE WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

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2. It will be our continued aim to work and to use resources of the Bank to upbuild the community served.
3. We expect to handle the resources of the Bank in such a way that a reasonable profit will be made on invested capital.
4. We expect to keep our Bank prepared to meet problems of readjustment that will surely follow the end of this terrible war.

One might ask the question, "CAN I BORROW MONEY AT YOUR BANK?" Yes, we invite safe and conservative loans.

We are doing our part in purchasing "Government Securities" for our own account, and recommend to our friends and customers that they purchase War Savings Bonds and Stamps.

All deposits received by mail are given the careful attention of an Officer of the Bank.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF OPP OPP, ALABAMA AS OF THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS OCTOBER 31, 1942

ASSETS	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts (including \$2,100.02 Overdrafts).....\$ 237,463.90	
U. S. State of Alabama Over Drafts and Warrants..... 6,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
Stock in National Reserve Bank of Atlanta..... 424,621.70	Surplus..... 100,000.00
Bank House, Furniture and Fixtures..... 13,301.28	Undivided Profits..... 24,598.16
Real Estate Owned Other Than Banking Premises..... 4,674.69	Deposits..... 1,747,620.56
Cash in Vault and Due From Other Banks..... 1,226,152.15	
TOTAL\$1,972,218.72	TOTAL\$1,972,218.72

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MRS. C. W. MIZELL, Vice President



W. B. BENTON, Vice President and Cashier
R. J. PURVIS, Assistant Cashier

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Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Bingsdorf and children left Saturday for a visit to points in Oklahoma.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Till and children, of Brownston, spent Sunday in Elba, guests of Mrs. W. H. Coston.

GO TO CHURCH SUNDAY!

PECANS WANTED!

We are paying the Highest Market Price in Small or Large Quantities. Call us or drop us a card and tell us what you have....This week's market is:

Schlys.....15 to 17c lb
Stuarts.....13 to 14c lb
Seedlings and Mixed.....10c lb

It will pay you to see us before you sell your pecans

ALSO SEE US FOR

BABY CHICKS, POULTRY, DAIRY
AND HOG FEEDS

OATS — RYE — WINTER PEAS

Only A Few Days Left To Get Your Basic Slag

Highest Cash Prices Paid For

HENS, FRYERS and MARKET EGGS

ELBA HATCHERY

FEED AND SEED STORE

PHONE 181 ELBA, ALABAMA

THE ELBA THEATRE WEEKLY PROGRAM

FRIDAY—LAST DAY

'FRIENDLY ENEMIES'
Charlie Ruggles, Charles
Winnick, Nancy Kelly
Also Latest War News
Admission 10c and 25c

SATURDAY—After 5 O'CLOCK

'WHISPERING GHOST'
Milton Berle - Brenda Joyce
John Shilton
COME EARLY
Tickets on sale at 5 p. m.
Admission 10c and 25c

TUESDAY—ALL DAY

"LAWLESS
PLAISMAN"
—Star—
Charles Starrett
Serial and Comedy
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SUNDAY AND MONDAY

"A GRAND MAN'S
LADY"
Barbara Stanwyck and
Joel McCrea
"An exciting story of the old
West."
Admission 10c and 25c

WEDNESDAY

"SONS OF THE SEA"
"This Picture Actually Filmed
In England"
Admission 10c and 11c

THURSDAY

"GOLD RUSH"
—Star—
Charlie Chaplin
Admission, 10c and 25c

FRIDAY

"WANTED—Dogwood and
Persimmon. Can pay highest
prices. See or write B.
F. Thompson, Box 92, Elba,
Alabama. N-19pd

SATURDAY

Wanted to Buy—Two or
three old buildings; will tear
down and move myself;
write giving description and
price. J. W. Lee, Rt. 4, Box
182, Elba, Ala. N-19pd

SUNDAY

EGGS — POULTRY
WANTED

Top Market prices paid. Weekly
Price Quotations Mailed free.
Elba Hatchery Egg & Poultry Mar-
ket, P. O. Box 1806, Jacksonville,
Florida. O-15-N-5

Mortgages and Rent Notes for
sale at The Clipper office.

ELBA BETA CLUB

ELBA HIGH SCHOOL

Beta Club met Tuesday, Oct.
20. The meeting was called to
order by the President, Lamar Rainer.

The club decided to wait
until after the induction of
new members to have any
socials. A meeting was
planned to be held after the
induction of new members. The
following committees were
appointed:

Refreshment: Ann Wright
"TORPEDO FLEET"
Richard Arden
"See Our Tiny Fleet In Action"
Admission 10c and 25c

FRIDAY—Double Feature

Richard Arden

Edmundson, Carolyn
English

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It's Your Fair—Be There!

Saturday—Sarah Elizabeth Leighton, six years of age, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. I. P. Leighton, died at the family residence on the Two highway last Tuesday, October 28. She had been ill only a short time.

Wednesday—Mrs. T. B. Bryan was a visitor to Montgomery last Saturday.

Friday—Mrs. Web Yancey and little daughter Linda have come to Elba to reside with Mr. Yancey, who is employed at Camp Rucker. Their home is in Atlanta.

Saturday—A committee to plan where and when to have the social had charge of the arrangements. The following committees were appointed:

Refreshment: Ann Wright
Martial Edmondson, Carolyn
English.

Decorations: Martha Ann
Dixon and Claudine Fleming

Music: Charles Dredge
returning today from a delightful visit to Tampa, Fla., where she was the guest of her brother.

Judge and Mrs. E. F. Wilson of Cairo, Ga., were visitors to Elba the first of last week.

Sunday—"A Grand Man's Lady"—Barbara Stanwyck and Joel McCrea—"An exciting story of the old West." Admission 10c and 25c.

Monday—"Gold Rush"—Starting—Charlie Chaplin—Admission 10c and 25c.

Tuesday—"Sons of the Sea"—This Picture Actually Filmed In England—Admission 10c and 11c.

Wednesday—"United Nations and Children's Day." Children of school age admitted to main gates Free and to many shows and Rides for 5c each, until Six O'clock, P. M.

Thursday—"The Three Sensational Royals" performing breath-taking feats at the topmost part of a 135 foot high Swaying Pole.

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Hog Killing Time Will See Neighbors Helping One Another

By E. L. McGRAW

WITH labor supply short and food conservation more important farm folks will likely bring back the old practice of neighbors meeting and helping each other at hog killing time.

W. E. Sewell, animal husbandman of the Alabama Experiment Station, points out the advantages of butchering and curing pork at home. He says that a farmer should produce and cure meat for home use rather than sell hogs with the hope of buying the family meat supply next spring. Each family of five should have from 600 to 800 pounds of meat a year for proper nutrition, part being bacon, but the largest portion being pork.

Farmers living near a freezer locker or a meat curing plant do not have to consider the weather when they get ready to kill but farmers not having this service available should kill hogs when the weather is near freezing but not cold enough to freeze the pork.

Steps to follow in slaughtering outlined by Mr. Sewell are:

1. Hogs to be slaughtered should be kept off feed and given all the water they can drink from 12 to 24 hours before killing.

2. Have two butcher knives sharp, and a gamgee (single-toothed) hand saw can be used to advantage.

3. Have plenty of hot water ready. Wood ashes or lye added to the water will help loosen the hair.

4. Many farmers prefer to stun the hog with a blow from a hammer or an axe before sticking. However, sticking without stunning results in better bleeding and results in better, bleeding and is the method followed by packing houses.

5. Scald and scrape the hog.

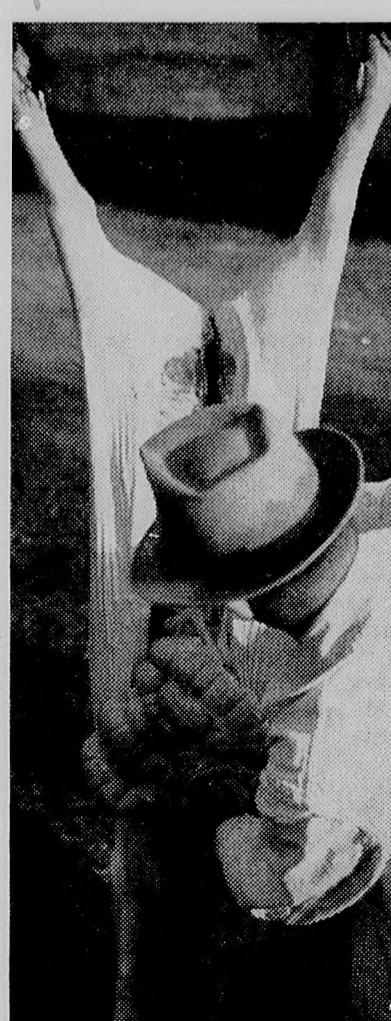
6. Hang the hog and remove internal organs.

Sticking is done by turning the hog on its back, inserting the knife under the breastbone about two inches and pulling it downward to the backbone. The knife should be kept on the midline of the neck and pointed toward the tail while the cut is made. Care should be taken to avoid pricking the lungs. The knife should never strike the breastbone to strike the heart which results in poor bleeding.

Temperature of the scalding water should be hot but not boiling. Pass finger through water twice rapidly so that you cannot stand the heat a third time, the water is ready for scalding. When scalding, use a small amount of small container where only one end can be scalded at a time. In case the water is too hot and the hair sets, the back end can be shaved much easier than the front.

After scraping is done, the hog is scalded with hot water and then cold water. In order to remove the carcass, insert the knife, edge up, into the sticking place and cut upward just to one side of the breastbone.

The ribs can be cut loose from the breastbone very easily with a knife. Stop as soon as the last rib is cut loose, being careful not to go high enough to puncture the



With hog-killing time upon us, farm people are interested more than ever in doing the best possible job of this. The story at left gives good advice on slaughtering hogs. The job being done above is a good one.

paunch. The advantage in starting at the neck first is that this allows blood to drain out as the viscera is being removed. Now begin cutting at the mid-point or seam between the hams. Cut straight in until you reach the "line" bone, then locate the center and cut through, dividing this bone. When the "line" bone is divided, cut through the hams and remove the viscera.

Next, split the carcass by sawing directly through the center of the backbone. Sawing can be continued through the center of the head if desired, but if the head is to be kept in one piece saw down to the atlas joint (where the head joins the neck) and remove the head there.

Loosen the leaf fat. The carcass should be com-

Wilcox Women Improve Homes

By Mildred Simon

OF the 165 women attending home improvement group meetings in Wilcox County, 159 of them reported that they had done home improvement work, including painting, whitewashing, repairing furniture, household sanitation, making furniture, building storage space, work tables, kitchen cabinets, etc.

Here's an example of what one club member, Mrs. Leo Truitt, of the Neenah Community, says about her work:

"I have been the home with home-made furniture we can afford, too. After I received a bulletin from the home demonstration agent's office on home-made furniture, I decided to see what I could make by following the directions and using material I had on hand. I needed two bedsides, a table, a chair, and some orange crates. The only material I had to buy was a dime can of paint. You should see the tables! When I proudly showed them to my husband he wouldn't believe I had made them."

Use More Fuelwood, Less Coal And Oil

FARM women of Alabama can render a patriotic service to our armed forces by using more fuelwood instead of coal and oil.

Every cord of wood cut and used for fuelwood releases up to a ton of coal or 200 gallons of fuel oil for wartime purposes, and in addition saves space on ships and railroad cars to transport military supplies for our armed forces.

So we have to find something to take the place of duck and goose feathers.

To take the place of duck and goose feathers.

Of course, wise cutting should be practiced. Crooked, diseased, forked and otherwise poor trees that crowd out good saw-timber should be cut. Getting rid of trees that do not add to much from a timber standpoint improves the woodland. Consult your county agent about cutting trees.

"Keep the home fires burning by keeping the wood box filled," says good advice from the farm woman's slogan.

Victoriaide Groups Can And Dry In Elmore

FOOD preservation victoriaides

for the 10 4-H clubs in Elmore County report that a total of 1,098 quarts of fruits and 938 quarts of vegetables were canned and 12 pounds of fruit dried this summer at the victoriaide group meetings.

At these group meetings 28 girls learned to operate a pressure cooker and 56 learned how to operate a water-bath canner.

Wash aluminum cooking vessels as soon as possible after food has been cooked in them. Food left too long in aluminum will cause pits or holes to form.

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A Return To Simple Play Materials

"EVERY child should have mud pies, grasshoppers, waterbugs, tadpoles, frogs, mud-turtles, elderberries, wild strawberries, acorns, chestnuts, trees to climb, brooks to wade in, water lilies, woodchucks, bats, bees, butterflies, various animals to pet, hay fields, pine cones, rocks to roll, sand snakes, huckleberries and hornets; and any child who has been deprived of these has been deprived of the best part of his education."—Luther Burbank.

What opportunities does the farm home offer for this part of the child's education?

This is a time when one must stop and consider just such questions.

A wealth of play material has been on the market during the past quarter of a century. Many children have had even more than they could enjoy.

Suddenly manufacturers must turn their attention to something more important than toys. What is this to mean to children? Are they going to suffer? Not at all if parents are alert to the real needs available.

No place has such a wealth of natural material as the farm home. One time or another everything mentioned by Luther Burbank is there.

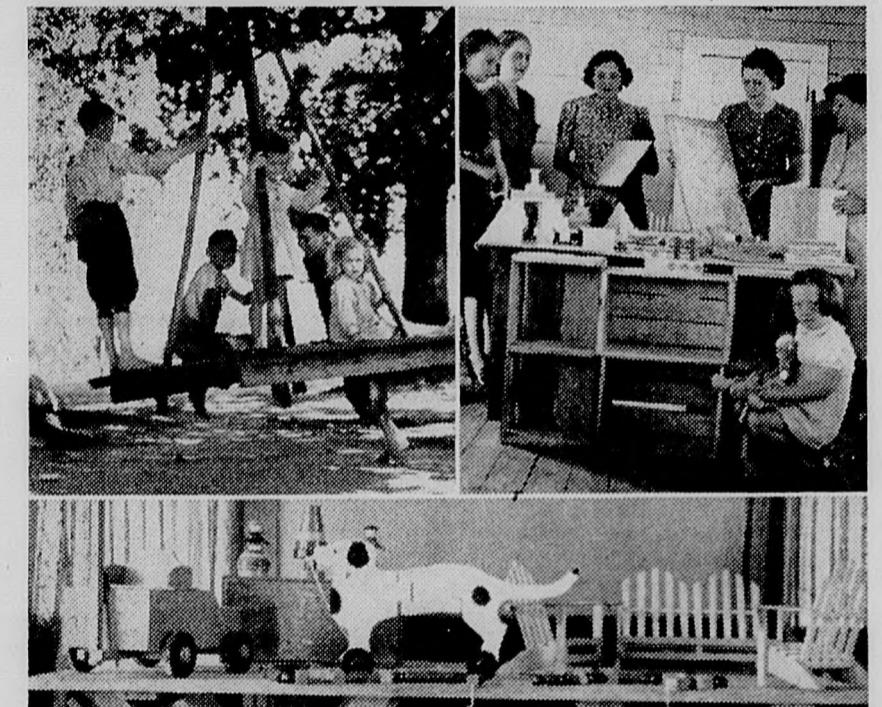
Apart from the things of nature are simple homemade play materials—material that can be made from scrap lumber and waste boxes.

Home demonstration club leaders have recognized the need for such simple toys.

Leaders in forty-two counties have given demonstrations on making all kinds of toys.

Leaders in Marshall County are spending their time in a mobile campaign. Home demonstration and civic and literary clubs alike are participating in the project.

Parents everywhere recognize the value of a return to simple homemade play material. They mean happy busy hours for youngsters—memories how heavy the war clouds hang.

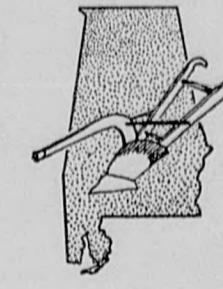


Shown here are things home demonstration club women can construct to make children happy. Upper left a group of children enjoying a platform swing; upper right, a group of club women in Henry County is shown with toys they have made. A total of 273 toys has been made by Henry County Club leaders. Lower picture shows toys made from ordinary wooden boxes.



Along the Way

with P. O. DAVIS



AMPLE FOOD IS
ESSENTIAL TO
WINNING WAR

A year ago American granaries, storage bins, smokehouses, acorns, chestnuts, trees to climb, brooks to wade in, water lilies, woodchucks, bats, bees, butterflies, various animals to pet, hay fields, pine cones, rocks to roll, sand snakes, huckleberries and hornets; and any child who has been deprived of these has been deprived of the best part of his education."—Luther Burbank.

Then came Pearl Harbor on December 7, 1941! The next day Congress declared war on Japan and certain of her allied nations. We, too, had allies. And the two biggest of them—Great Britain and Russia—began calling for food, food, food.

So our surplus began vanishing. We knew that lack of food had always been a major factor in the defeat of armies. We were told by Secretary Wickard that "Food will win the war and write the peace." Of course food alone will not win a war; neither will it decide the peace. But ample food is absolutely essential to victory.

History reminds us that men fought wars before powder or any of the modern guns and other machines of war. A man today with plenty food and no gun, or airplane, or battleship can do a little fighting; but a man with all the machines for fighting can fight none unless he is fed.

WE have been in this war less than a year but already we have a shortage of meat. Yet, we are told that wars have been won by meat-eating men. For civilians meat is being rationed because the total production for ourselves and our friends abroad is inadequate. Our 1943 production of beef, pork, and mutton is estimated at 24 billion pounds. Army, Navy, and lend-lease need 16½ billion pounds, leaving only 17½ for a civilian population that would like 21 billion pounds. Rationing, therefore, is to distribute the difference between 17½ and 21.

The county home demonstration agent's influence on farm family living cannot be measured easily, we see it reflected in better living for all farm families in the State.

Primarily meat is valued for its protein. But Mildred Simon, extension nutritionist, Auburn, insists that there should be no protein shortage. She recommends more poultry, eggs, milk, cheese, soybeans, peanuts, and dried peas and beans as substitutes for meats. Fortunately, all these can be produced and saved on every Alabama farm; also in many town and city backyards. Add to them fresh vegetables and you will have a big portion of an ample diet that is balanced as to requirements for you and your family.

Lyle Brown, extension horticulturist, Auburn, reminds us that, because of a shortage of transportation, many who depend upon fresh vegetables from distant fields probably will be disappointed. He, too, urges more home and backyard production; also one or more commercial truckers around each town to supply those who can't produce for themselves.

ABOUT sugar, Miss Simon said that "most of us have been using A two to three times as much as we need." Cane syrup, corn syrup, sorghum syrup, and honey are good substitutes... even better than granulated sugar.

Again we come back to the importance of increased production. Talk about a food shortage next year, or the next, is not mythical; it is expected. Reasons: Much more food needed; farmers have much less with which to produce it; farm labor shortage will be acute in 1943; new machinery probably about one-fourth of that available in 1940; fertilizer, in terms of plant food, 60 to 75 per cent of what farmers had in 1942; smaller quantities of insecticides for controlling plant and animal pests.

Yes, people who are wise and can produce something to eat from now until the war is won will do it. Our Nation needs the food and you need it. Outdoor work for others than farm people will be very beneficial.

Fruits, eggs, and meats are insufficient. A quick way to increase fruit production next year is to plant strawberries this fall. A light crop should be expected in 1943 and a full crop in 1944.

**Farm Women Increase Canning
Twelvefold In Last Ten Years**

By LAVADA CURTIS
Food Preservation Specialist

WORK done in food preservation through home demonstration clubs in rural Alabama farm women thousands of dollars and has meant more and better food on the farm table.

In 1930, reports showed that women canned less than one million quarts. This meant many farm people had to buy a great deal of the food used during the war. This was a definite loss which would result in a food deficiency.

In 1941, however, farm families canned 12,854,867 quarts, valued at \$5,141,946.80.

This progress was possible because of the work done by home demonstration club women working with home agents. To more effectively meet the food preservation program goals were established.

1. To improve the diets of Alabama farm people by increasing the amount of food conserved.

2. To increase the number of farm families planning, producing and canning a balanced food supply.

3. To carry on a food conservation program in every county in Alabama.

It is anticipated that 55,000 farm families, and all other families contacted through the neighborhood system, will take part in the main phases of the canning season, 1943, o. p. a. Sixty-five thousand 4-H club girls will participate in this program. Three thousand leaders will be trained to develop the community program.

4. To encourage better methods of canning which will improve the standard of home canning practices.

5. To establish three pantry stores demonstrations in each county.

6. To plan to reach every organized and unorganized community with some phase of the food conservation program.

7. To teach methods of food conservation to meet wartime needs.

The goals are being emphasized in every county. The one uppermost in the minds of all leaders is to encourage families to do more canning. As we means of accomplishing this an Alabama food conservation budget was planned. This budget indicates the amount of food that needs to be canned and stored for one person.

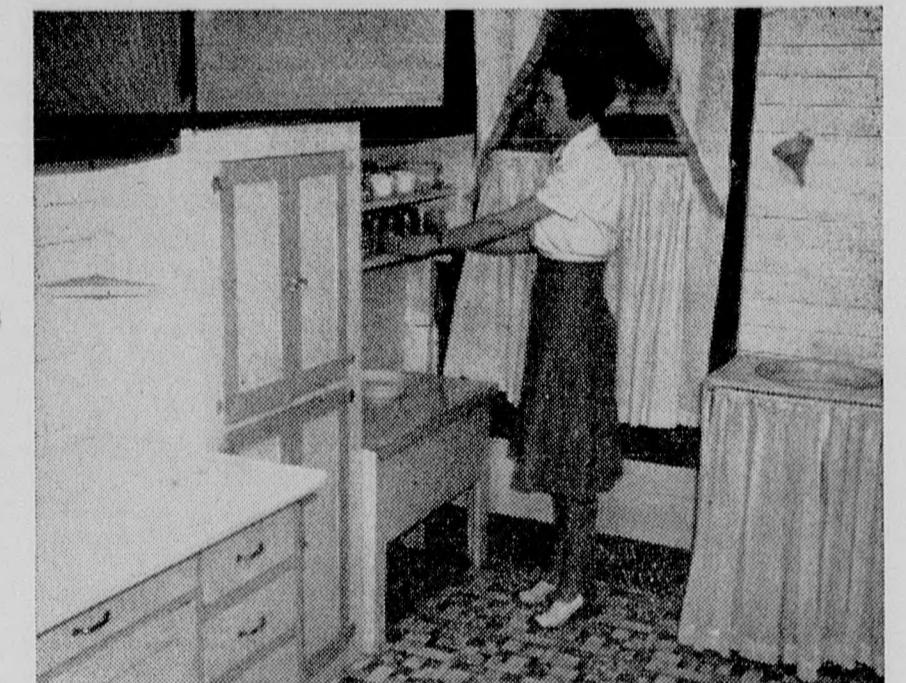
Lunchroom

MEMBERS of the New Market Home Demonstration Club, Madison County, have a worthwhile project of constructing a school lunchroom this year. They have a large hall, a roomy kitchen, and the lunchroom with tables and benches, a second-hand stove, and an electric refrigerator.

The club sponsored a shower for the lunchroom to buy dishes, silverware, glasses, and small kitchen utensils. The larger pans, utensils, and pressure cooker were purchased by the Club.

At the beginning of the canning season, the women canned vegetables donated by the patrons of the school.

The lunches served are well-balanced and attractive.



With scrap lumber, a small tub, a small amount of pipe and an old oil drum, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dubose of Glenwood, Crenshaw County, made an up-to-date kitchen at a cost of \$14.

**Inexpensive Kitchen Improvements
Made By Alabama Farm Women**

MAMIE N. WHISNANT
Home Management Specialist

ALABAMA farm wives were badly needed for other rooms, but the walls between the hall and kitchen were between the other room and hall taken out. This large space was divided into three rooms—kitchen, 10 by 16 feet; dining room, 12 by 16 feet; and bedroom, 14 by 16 feet.

"High windows were added on three sides, using sashes from the old windows. The sashes were placed side by side; instead of one over the other, and they raise into the ceiling. The kitchen was ceiling and painted a soft, neutral color. So far the cost has been only \$6. My stove was re-located and a nice, roomy cabinet was built. The old cooking utensils was built. An old safe top and doors were used in building this new cabinet. The cabinet was enameled and glass knobs put on the doors at a cost of only \$1.50."

The Certificates of War Necessity will govern the miles that may be operated and the loads that must be carried by all vehicles affected by the order.

Mailing of the applications has been started by the ODT from its central mailing office and as the mailing is completed in a particular area, the states and counties covered will be announced.

Any operator of a commercial vehicle, including farm truck, who has not received his application blank when the mailing has been announced as finished in his area should apply to the nearest field office of the ODT's Division of Motor Transport for forms covering his truck or trucking.

Country Fair Transportation Committees, made up of five regular and four alternate members appointed by the County USDA War Board, have been helping farmers during the past month in filling out necessary applications.

Remember

NOVEMBER 30 is the closing date for carrying out practices under the 1942 AAA program.

Be sure that you do everything possible on your farm to earn full payments and to have your land in good shape to make a crop next year.

Nitrogenous fertilizers will be short but larger amounts can take their place. Plant every acre possible. Small grains and terrace construction are also important.

You can do your best job by making sure that you follow the AAA program in carrying out conservation practices.

(Continued on page 8)

They're Doing Their Part In Helping Win The War

THE Jim Lynns of Morgan County are doing everything they can to help win this war.

Mr. and Mrs. Lynn operate their farm of 460 acres of cropland, and rent 75 acres from a neighbor. The farm is operated with the power farm four farm tractors and two mules.

Mr. Lynn plants about 60 acres of winter legumes each year and is now producing about 40 bushels of corn per acre.

Small grains play an important part in the farming operations. Some 75 acres of small grains are produced each year with an oat yield of about 75 bushels per acre.

This patriotic farmer grew 14 acres of peanuts for oil.

Mrs. Lynn is doing her part in the kitchen, too, and has already canned 1,500 quarts of fruits and vegetables. Some \$500 worth of vegetables has been sold this year in addition to what has been eaten fresh.

The livestock phase consists of 50 hogs for market. These hogs are grown entirely on home-grown feed. Mrs. Lynn also feeds dairy and poultry business while her husband is looking after other parts of the farm. Mrs. Lynn keeps about 25 head of dairy cattle and milks an average of 15 cows. She averages selling approximately 87,300 pounds of milk annually.

Mrs. Lynn finds poultry a profitable side-line. She keeps 600 laying hens and in addition some 250 growing pullets. The poultry provides a good market for surplus feed grown on the farm and at the same time provides another source of income.

Victory Gardens Prove Worthwhile

DeKalb County farm girls have found Victory Gardens to be an interesting and very worthwhile summer and fall project.

Twenty-five girls in the Victory Garden contest have already turned in their summer garden reports and their canned exhibits have been shown. Mildred Higginson, member of the Livingston Club, won first place with 8 different varieties of garden products and a 409 quarts canned. Elizabeth Gosetti was second with a variety of 79 products and a total of 529 quarts canned.

To wash windows and mirrors use soft, lintless cloth rung out of a tub of water to which has been added one of the following: vinegar, kerosene, ammonia, denatured alcohol, or washing soda. Wipe with clean dry cloth or soft paper. Don't use soap on windows, it leaves bluish streaks that are hard to rub off.

She Has One Answer To Clothing Question

THE shortage of clothing material does not discourage at least one home demonstration club woman—Mrs. Wilson Bragg, member of the Evergreen Club, Coffee County.

Club members staged a county-wide cotton dress revue at Enterprise and Mrs. Bragg modeled an attractive dress which she made from fertilizer sacks. She trimmed the dress with buttons made from walnut shells. The total cost was five cents for a spool of thread.

2 Crops Per Row!

MRS. J. D. BURLESON of Buttsahatchee Community, Marion County, has had a fine garden all the year, raising at least two crops on every row.

At a recent date Mrs. Burleson said the family was eating 10 different kinds of vegetables. The garden including tomatoes, turnip greens, collards, butter beans, bush beans, egg plant, okra, peppers, two varieties of peas, and two varieties of onions.

A high stool is an energy saver in the kitchen. It should be comfortable and placed near the working center. A straight back stool, and its height should be such that the worker may sit and work in a natural, unstrained position. It may be easily and inexpensively made at home from an old high chair, or from odd pieces of lumber.

It is best of course to obtain the nicotinic acid the body needs from food, but when, as infrequently happens, that cannot be done, it can be provided by the use of brewer's yeast. Excellent results have been obtained in the treatment of advanced cases by the administration of nicotinic acid in crystalline form.

The most usual symptoms of early-stage pellagra are loss of appetite, accompanied by loss of weight and a decrease in physical strength and energy. In its more acute stages, pain, soreness of the mouth, mental disturbances, nervous and digestive upsets, and skin eruptions. The last mentioned usually occur on the hands, feet, legs, and arms.

Diphtheria Cases In State Drop

Thanks in large part to immunization procedures made possible by the medical and bacteriological services, there has been a rather remarkable reduction in recent years in the number of reported cases of diphtheria and in deaths attributed to this disease. In 1930 reported cases in this State numbered 1,595 and deaths 188. Only 68 diphtheria deaths are listed in provisional 1942 vital statistics reports, while cases reported this year totaled only 728. There is no doubt that, if immunization procedures now available were taken advantage of on a universal scale, the disease would virtually disappear.

Persons unable to pay for this type of immunization may obtain it without charge from their county health departments.



The State Of Your Health

(Prepared by the State Department of Health for This Month in Rural Alabama.)

Pellagra Caused By Improper Diet

More than 200 cases of pellagra were reported in this State last year. Because of the virtual impossibility of obtaining anything even approaching completeness in the reporting of a disease like this, there is every reason to assume that the cases actually occurring exceed this total by several hundred per cent.

Pellagra is due to the absence from the diet of nicotinic acid in sufficient amounts to preserve the proper dietary balance. The best means of preventing it, therefore, is to eat sufficient quantities of the foods which contain this element. Specifically, one should eat plenty of such products as lean meats, eggs, milk and fresh vegetables. Especially rich in nicotinic acid are liver, salmon, rabbit, beef, lean pork, chicken, buttermilk, green peas, turnip greens, kale, tomatoes, wheat germ, peanut meal, and dried green peas.

It is best of course to obtain the nicotinic acid the body needs from food, but when, as infrequently happens, that cannot be done, it can be provided by the use of brewer's yeast. Excellent results have been obtained in the treatment of advanced cases by the administration of nicotinic acid in crystalline form.

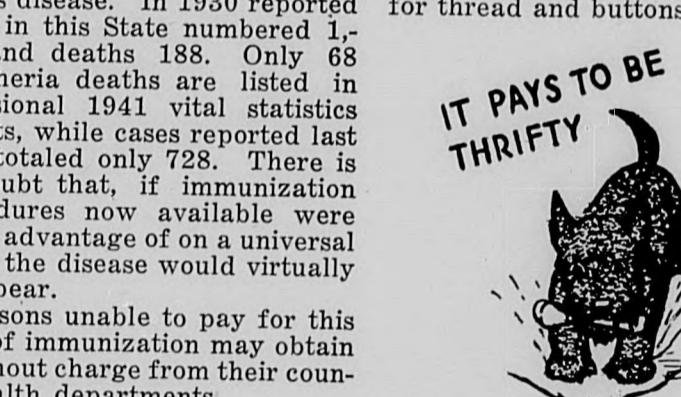
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Etowah Farm Women Repair And Dry-Clean Fall, Winter Clothes

FALL and winter clothing is now claiming attention among farm women of Etowah County. They are home-dry-cleaning and renovating every garment that is worthwhile and are making new, economical, attractive garments out of inexpensive material.

For example, Mrs. Ernest Vandiver, member of the Walnut Grove Club, is wearing a lovely dress made of three printed sacks. Only cost was a few cents spent for thread and buttons.

The housewife can stretch meat by adding vegetables, combining with bread crumbs, rice, spaghetti, pie crust, and potato. Tidbits of meat that make a pie one day can make chop suey the next day, or a baked spaghetti dish the next day.



Children Not To Be Disappointed This Year

PARENTS of DeKalb County boys and girls know that toys and other play material will be scarce and high-priced this year, so, while they are busy buying bonds and stamps, gathering scrap and harvesting an abundant food and feed crop, they are determined that their children shall not be disappointed at Christmas.

Under the direction of community leaders, Nellie Kelley, home demonstration agent, and Elta Majors, Extension child care specialist, women and men in several communities are already busy with plans for Christmas parties for all the children in the county, and the gifts will be made by the men and women.

Cosmetics Are Made In Chambers County

HOME demonstration club women in 17 Chambers County clubs believe in making and saving money. It is a good way to earn money, and they are also saving for good grooming.

After seeing demonstrations, the club women decided to make their own cosmetics, says Nellie Daughtry, home demonstration agent. They made 14 pints of cleansing cream, approximately 17 quarts of hand lotion, 30 ounces of nail polish remover and six pints of deodorant. These products cost about one-third as much as the same materials would have if purchased as commercial products.

War Bonds Bought By Market Sellers

DURING September \$2,356.80

of war bonds and stamps were sold on the Gadson curb market, most of them being purchased by curb market sellers and paid for with the money from their sales.

The buying of stamps and bonds

called for real sacrifice on the part

of most of the buyers, but they

are willing to do their part to help

win the war.

One woman, with the help of her husband who is engaged in public works, bought \$1,325 worth.

Another woman, who has to work

in the fields, takes care of her

home duties, and at the same time

cares for a son who has been sick

for two weeks, and all the time

has bought a bond. "That

is really sacrifice," said Mrs. Diana B. Williams, home demonstration agent.

One seller buys a \$50 bond

every two weeks. One seller said,

"I buy stamps every curb day,

and pretty soon I will have a bond

and not miss the money."

The housewife can stretch meat by adding vegetables, combining with bread crumbs, rice, spaghetti, pie crust, and potato. Tidbits of meat that make a pie one day can make chop suey the next day, or a baked spaghetti dish the next day.

LEAVE

BUY LESS

MORE FOR OUR BOYS

My Family... And Yours

By ELTA MAJORS
Family Life and Child Care Specialist

A Religion To Live By

"A functioning religion is the spiritual need of Americans,"

Why do we hear so many statements similar to the one above? There are many reasons—any individual or group could list them.

The first thing we are concerned with is what is meant by a "functioning religion?"

Perhaps the word "mean" could never mean exactly the same to everyone. However, as one stops and thinks, there are points on which all could agree.

First, a functioning religion is one that finds its way into everyday family relations. The child grows up in the atmosphere of his father's religion. He does not respect it simply because the father goes to Sunday School and church. He respects it because his father is tolerant, unselfish, kind to his family, and neighborly.

Second, a functioning religion may be said to be a growing religion. It should result in family life that makes each day richer, fuller, deeper in understanding the real purposes of life.

Third, it is a religion of abiding faith. A faith that gives each individual member of the family a bulwark of strength unequalled

by anything else—strength for facing difficulties—for facing whatever may come.

Fourth, a functioning religion means that gradually the child will set his conception of religion as something that permeates the whole of life—something that makes him see human relations, spiritual values over and above material things. His religious faith will be a thing learned as gradually as he learns to speak the mother tongue.

A home in which there is a real functioning religion can never be a gloomy one. Such a religion becomes the basis for a home atmosphere of real joy.

William Phelps of Phelps' says of his own home:

"My parents neglected my social training. I am sorry they did. They were careless about my clothes and my personal appearance. I am sorry for it. But I am surely very grateful for their religious and spiritual training.

Every day of my life I am grateful. As I look back on my childhood, it seems to me our home was full of laughter, table conversation was enlivened with mirth. If there ever was a merry household, it was ours."

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